last one year for assisting the authorities there in different fields of activities;

(c) whether it is a fact that Government have not been active enough to quicken the execution of bilateral understanding; and

(d) if so, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI R. L. BHATIA): (a) There is no assistance being rendered by the Government of Morocco to India.

(b) Government deputed an Indian expert on solar cookers to visit Morocco from December 25, 1994—January 1, 1995 to give advice on the use of solar energy for cooking.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Does not arise.

Indian territory occupied by neighbouring countries

1608. SHRI R. MARGA BANDU: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) the area of Indian territory under occupation of the neighbouring countries, country-wise;

(b) the actual areas of Indian territory got back so far;

(c) whether Government have taken up the matter with these countries; and

(d) the response of those Governments thereto?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) to (d) The area under the occupation of Pakistan is approximately 78,000 sq. kms. The area under the occupation of China is approximately 38,000 sq. kms. In addition, under the so-called Sino-Pakistan 'boundary agreement' of 1963, Pakistan has illegally ceded approximately 5,120 sq. kms. of Indian territory in Pakistan-occupied Kashmir to China.

It is Government's position that Pakistan must vacate the territory illegally occupied by it in Jammu & Kashmir. Government are committed to the Simla Agreement under which all differences with Pakistan are to be resolved peacefully through bilateral negotiations.

India and China are committed to work towards a fair, reasonable and mutually acceptable settlement of the boundary question. Discussions in this regard are going on in the framework of the India-China Joint Working Group.

Payment to U.N. peace keeping forces

1609. SHRI GOVINDRAO ADIK: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the fact that the Secretary General of United Nations in his annual report to the General Assembly has indicated that U.N. is short of cash and has to owe about US $ 1 billion to nations that contributed soldiers/equipments for peace keeping forces;

(b) whether the Indian contingents sent or at present serving in various countries under U.N. peace keeping forces have received their payment due to them in full, if not, how much money U.N. owes to India for the purpose; and

(c) whether India has made its contribution to the U.N. due to it, if so, how much and if not, the reasons for the same?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI. PRANAB MUKHERJEE): (a) The UN Secretary General in his Annual Report to the General Assembly stated that the UN's financial crisis continues to deepen because of the delays in payment by members states of assessed contributions, both for the regular budget and for peace-keeping operations. As on

10 August, 1995, unpaid assessed contributions totalled US $ 3.9 billion: US $ 858.2 million for the regular budget and US $ 3 billion for the peace-keeping operations.

(b) UN owes India approximately US $ 15 million for providing troops and equipment in various peace-keeping operations.

(c) India, however, has made its contributions both to the UN regular budget and to the peace-keeping budget in full and on timely basis. India's annual contribution to the UN's regular budget for 1995 is Rs. 10,68,48,943. During this financial year India has made a contribution of Rs. 4,27,39,016 as our assessed contribution to peace-keeping operations.

Dismantling administered prices in Oil sector

1610. SHRI YERRA NARAYANASWAMY: Will the Minister of PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government seeks total dismantling of administered prices in the oil sector by the year 2002 A.D.;

(b) if so, the details of such a plan; and

(c) what safeguards will be instituted to protect the public from steep fluctuations in prices?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF PETROLEUM AND NATURAL GAS (CAPTAIN SATISH SHARMA): (a) to (c) A 'Strategic Planning Group' on restructuring of the National Oil Industry with members comprising of top management from public and private sector and leading experts from academic and research institutes has been formed. The group has not yet submitted its report.

Intrusion from Rajasthan-Gujarat Border

1611. SHRI SUNDER SINGH BHANDARI: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what is the percentage increase in the incidents of intrusion and smuggling on the Rajasthan-Gujarat border areas adjoining Pakistan during the last year in comparison to that with previous year;

(b) what are the names of the places where such incidents are taking place; and

(c) to what extent the work of fencing the border has been completed?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI SYED SIBTEY RAZI): (a) A statement is enclosed (*see* below).

(b) The details with regard to places wherein incidents of infiltration and smuggling are taking place are as under:—

Rajasthan:

(i) Jaisalmer Sector:— Raichandwala, Chand, Moomal and Sarkari Ka Tibba.

(ii) Barmer Sector:— Gadra, Janpalya, Somarar and Swurp-Ka-Tilla.

Gujarat:

(i) Gujarat Sector:— Sanwla Pir areas of creek.

(c) In Rajasthan 333 Kms. fencing and 352 Kms. flood lighting in Ganganagar/ Bikaner districts have been completed. Work on 387 Kms in Jaisalmer and Barmer districts is in progress and will be completed by June, 1996. Additionally fencing and flood lighting has been sanctioned in 165 Kms of Jaisalmer district, which is scheduled for completion in 1996-97. In Gujarat, as far as the Rann area (408 Kms) is concerned, there are natural constraints which make the construction of fencing/flood lighting difficult. In creek area (104 Kms), the